

PCI Security Standards Council Bulletin: Revisions to the Implementation Dates and Scope for PCI P2PE Security Requirement 32-9

1 December 2020

Based on industry feedback, the PCI SSC is revising the implementation dates and modifying the POI device applicability for PCI P2PE Security Requirement 32-9. These changes are effective immediately. A P2PE technical FAQ will convey the revised requirement until such time the P2PE Standard is updated. The P2PE v3 Technical FAQs can be found [here](#). The implementation dates have been deferred three years and the applicability changed from POI v3 and higher devices to POI v5 and higher devices as follows:

The revised P2PE v3.0 requirement 32-9:

The KIF must implement a physically secure room for key injection where any secret or private keys or their components/shares appear in memory outside the secure boundary of an SCD during the process of loading/injecting keys into an SCD.

The secure room for key injection must include the following:

- **Effective 01 January 2024**, the injection of clear-text secret or private keying material shall not be allowed for entities engaged in key injection on behalf of others. This applies to new deployments of **POI v5** and higher devices. Subsequent to that date, only encrypted key injection shall be allowed for **POI v5** and higher devices.
- **Effective 01 January 2026**, the same restriction applies to entities engaged in key injection of devices for which they are the processors.

*Note: This does not apply to key components entered into the keypad of a secure cryptographic device, such as a device approved against the PCI PTS POI Security Requirements. It does apply to all other methods of loading of clear-text keying material for **POI v5** and higher devices.*

Organizations should contact the P2PE program manager at p2pe@pcisecuritystandards.org with any questions.